organic compounds

 $\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

 $0.35 \times 0.29 \times 0.04$ mm

19027 measured reflections

3074 independent reflections 1972 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

. Т – 299 К

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.058$

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A monoclinic polymorph of theophylline

Shuo Zhang^a* and Andreas Fischer^b

^aDivision of Transport Phenomena, School of Chemical Science and Engineering, Royal Institute of Technology (KTH), 100 44 Stockholm, Sweden, and ^bInorganic Chemistry, School of Chemical Science and Engineering, Royal Institute of Technology (KTH), 100 44 Stockholm, Sweden Correspondence e-mail: shuoz@kth.se

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 299 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.129; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.9.

A monoclinic polymorph of theophylline, $C_7H_8N_4O_2$, has been obtained from a chloroform/methanol mixture by evaporation under ambient conditions. The new polymorph crystallizes with two molecules in the asymmetric unit. The structure features intermolecular $N-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds, resulting in the formation of dimers between two crystallographically different molecules; each molecule acts as both donor and acceptor.

Related literature

For the orthorhombic polymorph of anhydrous theophylline, see: Ebisuzaki *et al.* (1997).



a = 7.8935 (6) Å

b = 12.9087 (7) Å c = 15.9055 (8) Å

Experimental

Crystal data

$C_7H_8N_4O_2$	
$M_r = 180.17$	
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	

$\beta = 104.214 \ (5)^{\circ}$
$V = 1571.07 (17) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 8
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius KappaCCD
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)
$T_{\min} = 0.863, T_{\max} = 0.995$

Refinement

1 N

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$ 239 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.129$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 1.05 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.22$ e Å⁻³3074 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.24$ e Å⁻³

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$O - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$4 - H4 \cdots O3^{i}$ $8 - H8 \cdots O1^{i}$	0.86 0.86	1.92 1.94	2.753 (2) 2.782 (2)	163 165

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y, -z + 1.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 1998); cell refinement: *DIRAX* (Duisenberg, 1992); data reduction: *EVALCCD* (Duisenberg *et al.*, 2003); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2007); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WN2455).

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A monoclinic polymorph of theophylline

S. Zhang and A. Fischer

Comment

Theophylline,1,3-dimethyl-7*H*-purine-2,6-dione, is an FDA-approved compound for the treatment of respiratory diseases such as asthma, as are other related compounds, such as caffeine and theobromine.

Thus far, only one crystal structure of anhydrous theophylline has been reported (Ebisuzaki *et al.*, 1997). This orthorhombic structure has one molecule per asymmetric unit and is characterized by N—H···N hydrogen bonds, yielding infinite chains.

The polymorph of theophylline in this work was found during a solubility study using a 4:1 mixture ofchloroform and methanol as solvent. This monoclinic polymorph has been found to be thermodynamically stable at room temperature. Solubility data and a discussion of thermodynamic stability relationships will be presented elsewhere. (Zhang & Rasmuson, manuscript in preparation).

The title compound features two molecules in the asymmetric unit (Fig. 1). They are almost coplanar with a dihedral angle of 5.31 (3)°. Each molecule acts as N—H···O bond donor and acceptor, yielding dimers of two crystallographically different molecules (Fig. 2).

The major difference between the structures of the two polymorphs is their hydrogen bonding pattern.

Experimental

Commercial theophylline was dissolved in a mixture of chloroform and methanol (ratio 4:1 v/v). Evaporation at ambient temperature and pressure over a period of five weeks yielded the title compound. Powder X-ray diffraction confirmed that the bulk material was identical with the single-crystal from which the crystal structure was obtained.

Refinement

H atoms were placed at calculated positions and refined as riding, with N—H = 0.86 Å, C(methyl)—H = 0.96 Å and Csp²—H = 0.93 Å. $U_{iso}(H) = xU_{eq}(C,N)$, where x = 1.5 for methyl H and 1.2 for all other H atoms.

Figures



Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius.



Fig. 2. The hydrogen bonding pattern in the title compound, yielding dimers. Hydrogen bonds are indicated as dashed lines.

1,3-dimethyl-7H-purine-2,6-dione

Crystal	data
---------	------

$C_7H_8N_4O_2$	F(000) = 752
$M_r = 180.17$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.523 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 82 reflections
a = 7.8935 (6) Å	$\theta = 4.2 - 20.8^{\circ}$
b = 12.9087 (7) Å	$\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 15.9055 (8) Å	T = 299 K
$\beta = 104.214 \ (5)^{\circ}$	Plate, colourless
$V = 1571.07 (17) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.35 \times 0.29 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$
Z = 8	

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	1972 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\rm int} = 0.058$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 4.5^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)	$h = -9 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\min} = 0.863, T_{\max} = 0.995$	$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$
19027 measured reflections	<i>l</i> = −19→19
3074 independent reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.129$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0593P)^2 + 0.4941P]$ where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.05	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
3074 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.22 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
239 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional	atomic	coordinates	and is	otropic	or ed	auivalent	isotrot	oic dis	placement	parameters	$(Å^2$)
		000.0000000000		011 0010	0. 00	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1001.00		p	p		/

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
C1	0.3056 (3)	0.02115 (17)	0.09461 (14)	0.0352 (5)
C2	0.4877 (3)	0.17786 (17)	0.09060 (14)	0.0342 (5)
C3	0.3328 (3)	0.09963 (17)	-0.04057 (13)	0.0316 (5)
C4	0.2672 (3)	0.02566 (17)	0.00340 (14)	0.0336 (5)
C5	0.1763 (3)	0.0045 (2)	-0.13534 (15)	0.0435 (6)
C6	0.4624 (4)	0.1056 (2)	0.22819 (15)	0.0554 (7)
C7	0.5185 (3)	0.2516 (2)	-0.04623 (16)	0.0489 (6)
C8	0.0635 (3)	0.28631 (17)	1.02459 (14)	0.0337 (5)
C9	0.2209 (3)	0.45280 (17)	1.02194 (14)	0.0351 (5)
C10	0.0752 (3)	0.37253 (17)	0.89022 (13)	0.0324 (5)
C11	0.0220 (3)	0.29279 (16)	0.93328 (13)	0.0314 (5)
C12	-0.0732 (3)	0.27496 (19)	0.79473 (14)	0.0425 (6)
C13	0.2196 (3)	0.3724 (2)	1.15919 (14)	0.0475 (6)
C14	0.2368 (3)	0.53625 (19)	0.88634 (16)	0.0471 (6)
N1	0.4160 (2)	0.10126 (14)	0.13328 (11)	0.0361 (5)
N2	0.4434 (2)	0.17564 (14)	0.00173 (11)	0.0346 (4)
N3	0.2779 (3)	0.08774 (15)	-0.12768 (12)	0.0418 (5)
N4	0.1653 (2)	-0.03563 (15)	-0.05995 (12)	0.0391 (5)
N5	0.1646 (2)	0.36962 (14)	1.06438 (11)	0.0345 (4)

N6	0.1742 (2)	0.45278 (14)	0.93298 (12)	0.0366 (5)
N7	0.0172 (3)	0.36232 (15)	0.80311 (12)	0.0433 (5)
N8	-0.0753 (2)	0.23019 (15)	0.86970 (11)	0.0366 (5)
01	0.2529 (2)	-0.04282 (13)	0.13937 (10)	0.0497 (5)
02	0.5851 (2)	0.24386 (13)	0.13070 (10)	0.0484 (4)
O3	0.0208 (2)	0.21730 (13)	1.06858 (10)	0.0496 (5)
O4	0.3076 (2)	0.52232 (13)	1.06289 (11)	0.0514 (5)
Н5	0.1181	-0.0232	-0.1886	0.052*
H6A	0.5544	0.1552	0.2475	0.083*
H6B	0.5013	0.0386	0.2512	0.083*
H6C	0.3619	0.1259	0.2481	0.083*
H7A	0.4913	0.3201	-0.0300	0.073*
H7B	0.4707	0.2419	-0.1073	0.073*
H7C	0.6430	0.2429	-0.0330	0.073*
H12	-0.1301	0.2474	0.7412	0.051*
H13A	0.3448	0.3691	1.1774	0.071*
H13B	0.1704	0.3143	1.1825	0.071*
H13C	0.1797	0.4355	1.1798	0.071*
H14A	0.2042	0.6019	0.9061	0.071*
H14B	0.1856	0.5293	0.8253	0.071*
H14C	0.3617	0.5324	0.8970	0.071*
H4	0.1062	-0.0893	-0.0523	0.047*
H8	-0.1272	0.1735	0.8769	0.044*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0348 (11)	0.0294 (13)	0.0408 (12)	-0.0032 (10)	0.0079 (10)	0.0011 (10)
C2	0.0323 (12)	0.0308 (12)	0.0378 (12)	-0.0009 (10)	0.0052 (9)	-0.0005 (10)
C3	0.0316 (11)	0.0286 (12)	0.0336 (11)	0.0031 (9)	0.0061 (9)	-0.0018 (9)
C4	0.0315 (11)	0.0301 (13)	0.0378 (12)	-0.0008 (9)	0.0059 (9)	-0.0033 (10)
C5	0.0490 (14)	0.0433 (15)	0.0358 (13)	-0.0034 (12)	0.0054 (10)	-0.0076 (11)
C6	0.0696 (18)	0.0563 (18)	0.0351 (13)	-0.0173 (14)	0.0034 (12)	0.0011 (12)
C7	0.0568 (15)	0.0423 (15)	0.0501 (14)	-0.0130 (12)	0.0182 (12)	0.0037 (12)
C8	0.0329 (11)	0.0294 (12)	0.0391 (12)	-0.0022 (9)	0.0093 (9)	-0.0004 (10)
C9	0.0343 (11)	0.0301 (13)	0.0412 (13)	-0.0035 (10)	0.0098 (10)	-0.0047 (10)
C10	0.0298 (11)	0.0312 (12)	0.0347 (11)	0.0018 (9)	0.0049 (9)	0.0014 (10)
C11	0.0309 (11)	0.0268 (12)	0.0348 (12)	-0.0019 (9)	0.0046 (9)	-0.0016 (9)
C12	0.0443 (13)	0.0419 (15)	0.0354 (13)	-0.0028 (11)	-0.0018 (10)	-0.0015 (11)
C13	0.0569 (15)	0.0482 (16)	0.0349 (12)	-0.0065 (13)	0.0063 (11)	-0.0055 (11)
C14	0.0518 (15)	0.0378 (15)	0.0526 (15)	-0.0097 (11)	0.0147 (12)	0.0067 (11)
N1	0.0400 (10)	0.0336 (11)	0.0318 (10)	-0.0063 (8)	0.0030 (8)	-0.0002 (8)
N2	0.0377 (10)	0.0297 (10)	0.0356 (10)	-0.0049 (8)	0.0074 (8)	0.0007 (8)
N3	0.0493 (11)	0.0394 (12)	0.0359 (10)	-0.0039 (9)	0.0088 (9)	-0.0042 (9)
N4	0.0390 (10)	0.0334 (11)	0.0428 (11)	-0.0084 (8)	0.0060 (9)	-0.0048 (9)
N5	0.0386 (10)	0.0321 (11)	0.0321 (9)	-0.0047 (8)	0.0073 (8)	-0.0038 (8)
N6	0.0413 (11)	0.0280 (10)	0.0404 (11)	-0.0055 (8)	0.0096 (8)	0.0020 (8)
N7	0.0495 (12)	0.0381 (12)	0.0377 (11)	-0.0044 (10)	0.0021 (9)	0.0034 (9)

N8	0.0385 (10)	0.0301 (11)	0.0384 (10)	-0.0073(8)	0.0040 (8)	-0.0013 (8)
01	0.0596 (11)	0.0450 (11)	0.0429 (10)	-0.0183 (8)	0.0099 (8)	0.0047 (8)
02	0.0516 (10)	0.0408 (10)	0.0483 (10)	-0.0171 (8)	0.0034 (8)	-0.0057 (8)
03	0.0661 (11)	0.0410 (10)	0.0410 (9)	-0.0177 (9)	0.0116 (8)	0.0023 (8)
04	0.0599 (11)	0.0405 (10)	0.0518 (10)	-0.0173 (9)	0.0098 (8)	-0.0104 (8)
Geometric paran	neters (Å, °)					
C1—O1		1.228 (3)	C10	—N6		1.373 (3)
C1—N1		1.394 (3)	C11-	—N8		1.373 (3)
C1—C4		1.409 (3)	C12	—N7		1.324 (3)
C2—O2		1.218 (3)	C12—N8			1.329 (3)
C2—N2		1.370 (3)	C13—N5 1		1.464 (3)	
C2—N1		1.396 (3)	C14	—N6		1.461 (3)
C3—N3		1.355 (3)	С5—Н5		0.9300	
C3—C4		1.359 (3)	C6–	C6—H6A 0		0.9600
C3—N2		1.374 (3)	C6–	С6—Н6В 0.		0.9600
C4—N4		1.375 (3)	C6–	-Н6С		0.9600
C5—N4		1.328 (3)	С7—	С7—Н7А		0.9600
C5—N3		1.329 (3)	С7—	С7—Н7В		0.9600
C6—N1		1.465 (3)	С7—	С7—Н7С		0.9600
C7—N2		1.455 (3)	C12	C12—H12		0.9300
C8—O3		1.230 (3)	C13	—H13A		0.9600
C8—N5		1.395 (3)	C13	—H13B		0.9600
C8—C11		1.411 (3)	C13	—H13C		0.9600
С9—О4		1.216 (3)	C14	—H14A		0.9600
C9—N6		1.372 (3)	C14	—H14B		0.9600
C9—N5		1.398 (3)	C14	—H14C		0.9600
C10—N7		1.355 (3)	N4-	-H4		0.8600
C10-C11		1.359 (3)	N8-	-H8		0.8600
01—C1—N1		120.46 (19)	С9—	-N6-C10		119.16 (18)
O1—C1—C4		127.4 (2)	С9—	-N6-C14		118.99 (19)
N1-C1-C4		112.14 (19)	C10	—N6—C14		121.81 (19)
O2—C2—N2		121.5 (2)	C12	—N7—C10		102.95 (19)
O2—C2—N1		121.4 (2)	C12			106.07 (19)
N2—C2—N1		117.11 (19)	N4	-С5—Н5		123.1
N3—C3—C4		112.32 (19)	N3-	-С5—Н5		123.1
N3—C3—N2		125.9 (2)	N1-	-С6—Н6А		109.5
C4—C3—N2		121.75 (19)	N1-	-С6—Н6В		109.5
C3—C4—N4		104.81 (18)	H6A	—С6—Н6В		109.5
C3—C4—C1		123.1 (2)	N1-	-C6H6C		109.5
N4—C4—C1		132.1 (2)	H6A	—С6—Н6С		109.5
N4—C5—N3		113.8 (2)	H6E	S-C6-H6C		109.5
03—C8—N5		120.43 (19)	N2-	-C/-H/A		109.5
U3-U8-C11		127.0 (2)	N2-	-C/H/B		109.5
$N_{2} = C_{2} = C_{11}$		112.55 (19)	H/A	—С/—Н/В		109.5
04—09—N6		121.7(2)	N2-	-U/-H/U		109.5
04—09—N5		120.8 (2)	H/A	H/C		109.5
N6-C9-N5		117.47 (19)	H7E	—С/—Н/С		109.5

N7—C10—C11	111.92 (19)	N7-C12-H12	123.0
N7—C10—N6	126.0 (2)	N8—C12—H12	123.0
C11—C10—N6	122.04 (19)	N5-C13-H13A	109.5
C10-C11-N8	105.13 (18)	N5-C13-H13B	109.5
C10-C11-C8	122.8 (2)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
N8—C11—C8	132.1 (2)	N5-C13-H13C	109.5
N7—C12—N8	113.9 (2)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C1—N1—C2	126.52 (17)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C1—N1—C6	117.04 (18)	N6-C14-H14A	109.5
C2—N1—C6	116.44 (18)	N6-C14-H14B	109.5
C2—N2—C3	119.36 (18)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C2—N2—C7	119.55 (19)	N6-C14-H14C	109.5
C3—N2—C7	121.06 (18)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—N3—C3	102.70 (19)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—N4—C4	106.34 (19)	C5—N4—H4	126.8
C8—N5—C9	125.98 (18)	C4—N4—H4	126.8
C8—N5—C13	118.55 (18)	C12—N8—H8	127.0
C9—N5—C13	115.47 (18)	C11—N8—H8	127.0

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N4—H4···O3 ⁱ	0.86	1.92	2.753 (2)	163
N8—H8····O1 ⁱ	0.86	1.94	2.782 (2)	165
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x$, $-y$, $-z+1$.				







